

Electronic Availability of Transcripts of Court Proceedings

Courts making electronic documents remotely available to the public, whether documents are filed electronically or converted to electronic form, shall make electronic transcripts of proceedings remotely available to the public if such transcripts are otherwise prepared.

Within five business days of the filing by the court reporter/transcriber of the official transcript with the clerk's office pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 753, each party shall inform the court, by filing a notice of intent to request redaction of transcript with the clerk, of the party's intent to redact personal data identifiers from the electronic transcript of the court proceeding. Such personal data identifiers include: Social Security numbers; financial account numbers; names of minor children; dates of birth; and home addresses of individuals. The filing of this notice triggers the procedures set out below. If no such notice is filed within the allotted time, the court will assume redaction of personal data identifiers from the transcript is not necessary, and the transcript may be made electronically available at the close of the fifth business day, unless the court, for good cause related to the application of the Judicial Conference policy on privacy and public access to electronic case files, finds that the transcript should not be available electronically for up to a period of 60 days.

If a notice of redaction is filed by any party, following the filing of the official transcript with the clerk's office, the official transcript is not to be made remotely electronically available to the general public. Within 21 calendar days of the filing of the transcript, or longer if the court so orders, the parties shall submit to the court reporter/transcriber a statement indicating where the following personal data identifiers appear in the transcript: Social Security numbers; financial account numbers; names of minor children; dates of birth; and home addresses of individuals.

The court reporter/transcriber shall partially redact these personal data identifiers from the electronic transcript as follows:

- Social Security numbers to the last four digits;
- financial account numbers to the last four digits;
- dates of birth to the year;
- names of minor children to the initials; and
- home addresses to the city and state.

During the 21-day period, or longer if the court so orders, attorneys may move the court for any additional redactions to the transcript. The transcript shall not be electronically disseminated until the court has ruled upon any such motion.

The Director of the Administrative Office may lengthen the period of time for electronic filing of a transcript when, in the Director's judgment, a district justifies such an extension.

Policy Note

This policy is intended to apply to electronic transcripts, whether originally filed in electronic form or converted from hard copy to electronic form. It applies to electronic transcripts made available via CM/ECF, WEBPACER, PACER, RACER or a non-court related electronic depository (e.g.,

Exemplaris). It does not affect in any way the obligation of the court reporter/transcriber to file promptly with the clerk of court the court reporter's/transcriber's original records of a proceeding or the inclusion of a filed transcript with the records of the court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 753. This policy does not affect the obligation of the clerk to make the official transcript included in the court file available for copying by the public without further compensation to the court reporter/transcriber pursuant to Judicial Conference policy.

If a party desires to respond to any notice of redaction or motion for additional redaction, the court may establish a briefing schedule to provide sufficient time for such response.

Nothing in this policy is intended to create a private right of action against court reporters/transcribers for any failure to redact the required information or for any errors associated with such redaction.

It is not the intent of this policy to affect court reporter/transcriber compensation in any way.

This policy is intended to deal with the Judicial Conference policy on privacy and public access to electronic case files as it applies to the electronic filing of transcripts. It is not intended to change any rules or policies with respect to sealing or redaction of court records for any other purpose.

This policy does not prevent the production of a transcript on an expedited basis for a party, or any other person or entity, that may order such a transcript, subject to whatever court rules are currently imposed to protect sealed materials. Any non party that orders a transcript on an expedited basis should be alerted to the Judicial Conference policy on privacy and public access to electronic case files.